Monuments of Uttarakhand under Dehradun Circle











Remains of sixteen temples, Adibadri, District- Chamoli

Brief history of the monument:

Area: 0.0577 Hectare

Adibadri Group of Temples also known as Adibadridham. The site is located on the hill slope on the right bank of a local steam Atagad which is a tributary of river Pindar.

Main temple is dedicated to Lord Vishnu. There were 16 temples earlier but presently only 14 temples exist.

Adibadri is one of the five Badries viz Adibadri, Dhyanbadri, Yogabadri, Bhavishatbadri and Vishalbadri (Badrinath). On the basis of architectural features it can be dated between circa 8th – 12th cent. CE.



- Toilet
- Interpretation Centre

Monuments of Uttarakhand under Dehradun Circle











The fort with walls and ruins of dwelling houses inside it and with flights of steps, Chandpur, District- Chamoli

Protected Area 0.1618 Hectare and Brief history of the monomunt

The Chandpur fort was the seat of Kanak Pal, the actual founder of the present Garhwal dynasty, whose descendant Ajaipal consolidated the Kingdom of Garhwal. The fort is situated on the peak of a hillock at a height of about 100mt. from the road. The small fortress is located on the top of small hillock on the right bank of local stream Atagad, a tributary of river Pindar which met a distance of just 10 km from the site. Scientific clearance carried out by ASI revealed ruins of the palace complex on the top and residential structure on the hill slope. It is a multi-storied structural complex with provision of the chambers for the attendants. In addition to working floor, terracotta pipes, a circular well with lime plaster either for storing the grains or for water, are found. Carvings on stone beams in the construction of top story suggest its construction around 14th century CE



- Toilet
- Drinking Water
- Pathway